Hillside Township School District

Social Studies World History Classical Civilizations and Empires 1000 B.C. to 1450 A.D.

Eighth Grade

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Board of Education Approved:

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District Mission Statement

It is the mission of the Hillside Board of Education to ensure that all students, at all grade levels achieve the New Jersey Student Learning Standards make connections to real-world success. We are committed to strong parent community school partnerships, providing a safe, engaging, and effective learning environment and supporting a comprehensive system of academic and developmental support that meets the unique needs of each individual.

Academic Area Overview

Social Studies, as defined by the National Council for the Social Studies, is "the integrated study of the social sciences and humanities to promote civic competence." The primary purpose of the Hillside social studies program is to provide an academically rigorous environment that produces active critical thinkers and productive, civically competent, participants in our society. Students are given the opportunity to develop their own sense of place in our community, state, nation and global village. Students will pursue individual goals and challenges as they develop an understanding of self, the diverse community of which they are a part and their connection to the goals and interests of the global community and planet earth.

Students will study history, citizenship/political science, geography, economics, anthropology, sociology, and the humanities as prescribed by the New Jersey State Core Curriculum Content Standards in Social Studies. As they study the human condition in these contexts, they will gain an understanding of their own country's history, institutions and environment. They will also apply their knowledge to understand the forces that have shaped world cultures. Students will learn to view contemporary problems facing the nation and the world as products of complex historical, institutional, and environmental processes. Students will discover their own individuality and the contributions they can make to society. They will know what they should strive to become and their role as responsible and productive individuals who possess civic competence

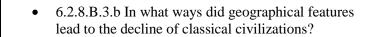
Equality and Equity in Curriculum

The Hillside Township School District ensures that the district's curriculum and instruction are aligned to the State's Core Curriculum Content Standards and addresses the elimination of discrimination and the achievement gap, as identified by underperforming school-level AYP reports for State assessment, by providing equity in educational programs and by providing opportunities for students to interact positively with others regardless of race, creed, color, national origin, ancestry, age, marital status, affectional or sexual orientation, gender, religion, disability or socioeconomic status.

N.J.A.C. 6A:7-1.7(b): Section 504, Rehabilitation Act of 1973; N.J.S.A. 10:5; Title IX, Education Amendments of 1972.

UNIT I: Classical Civilizations: Ancient Greece and Rome (1000 B.C. to 600 A.D.)

ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS
 Centralized governments and strong trade systems helped create extensive empires. The promotion of a common culture and social values enabled the classical empires to flourish. As commerce was promoted, cultures exchanged ideas and goods with one another. Religion and mythology shaped the values of the classical societies. Cultural exchange and diffusion led to the spread of religions that continue to exist today. 	 6.3.8.D.1. How are conflicting points of view addressed within a democratic society? 6.2.8.A.3.a. How did the use of philosophies help empires unify their people? 6.2.8.B.3.a. Which geographical features of each empire affected the cultural systems of classical societies? 6.2.8.C.3.b. How did civilizations develop organized
 The classical civilizations have several common causes that led to their decline. Classical civilizations have had long term impacts on societies continuing through modern society. 	 systems of trade? 6.2.8.D.3.e. How did religions develop and spread throughout the classical age? 6.2.8.D.3.f. In what ways did the various belief systems influence life in classical societies?
	 6.2.8.A. 3 .a. What different methods did rulers use to control and unify empires? 6.2.8. B.3 a. What was the role of geography in the expansion of empires?
	 6.2.8.C.3.a. How did land and sea trade routes impact the growing empires? 6.2.8.D.3.a. How did social hierarchies reflect the wealth, power and treatment of people within the empire?



- 6.2.8.C.3.c. How did the military expansion of some empires lead to the demise of other empires?
- 6.2.8.D.3.c. Which common factors led to the decline of Rome and Greece?
- 6.2.8D.3.d. What were the legacies of each classical civilization?

CPIs:

- Maps of trade systems across the continents
- Visual aids
- Graphic organizers
- Tests*
- Quizzes*
- Vocabulary
- Notes
- Primary sources
- Video excerpts
- DBQ
- Chromebook

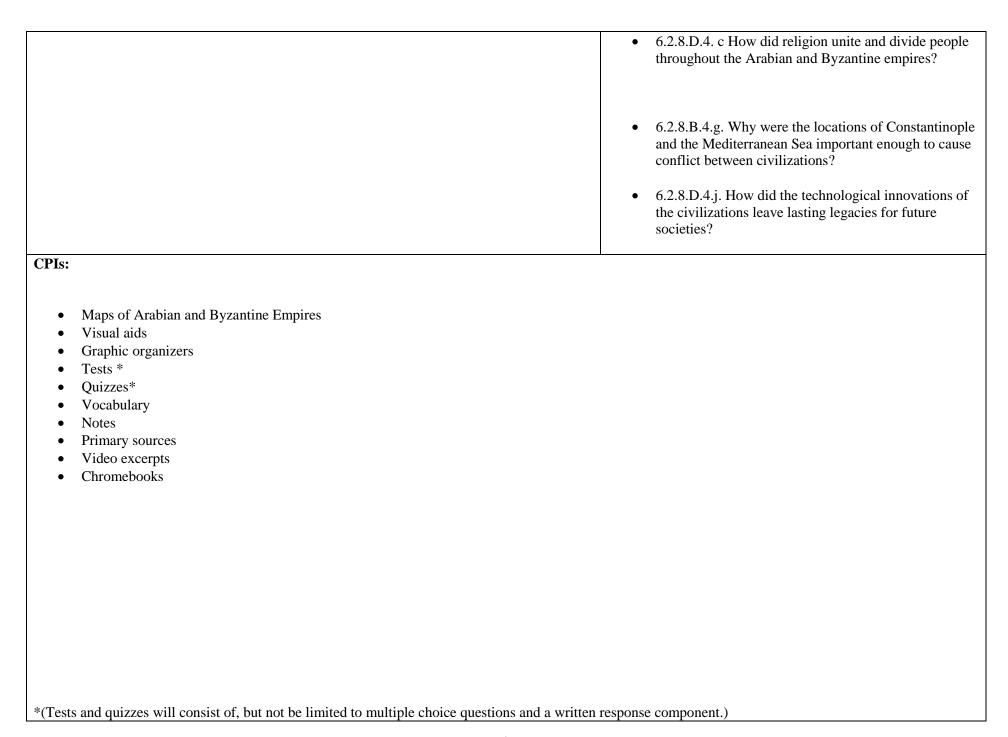
*(Tests and quizzes will consist of, but not be limited to multiple choice questions and a written response component.)

NJSLSS	KNOWLEDGE	SKILLS
	Students will know:	Students will be able to:
6.2.8.A.3.a	that a variety of methods were used by the rulers of classical empires to control and unify their empires.	compare and contrast in a graphic organizer the various methods used by leaders to control empires.
6.2.8.A.3.e	the similarities and differences between the legal systems of the classical civilizations and the American legal system.	Utilize Chromebooks to find information to create a chart demonstrating the similarities and differences between the legal systems of classical societies and the legal system of America.
6.2.8.B.3.a	how geography influenced the expansion of classical civilizations.	locate the physical features on a map that influenced the expansion of classical civilizations.
6.2.8.B.3.b	how geography impacted the development of the Greek city-states.	create a chart listing the geographical features of Greece and the impact of each feature on the development of the city-states.
6.2.8.B.3.a	 how the geographical features of the classical civilizations affected their cultural systems. 	utilize a thematic map to label geographic features that affect cultural systems.
6.2.8.A.3.a	 how the philosophies of the classical civilizations helped unify the people of that society. 	identify how philosophies helped unify the people of classical societies and draw comparisons with modern day philosophies and their effects on societies today.
6.2.8.A.3.b	the rights and responsibilities of the people according to economic and social structures in each of the classical civilizations.	utilize a Venn diagram to compare/contrast the rights and responsibilities of people as they relate to the economy and social structures of classical civilizations.
6.2.8.A.3.d.	 the roles and responsibilities of citizens in Sparta and Athens and how that compares to citizens in the United States. 	compare and contrast, in a graphic organizer, the roles and responsibilities of citizens in Sparta and Athens to the citizens of the United States.
6.2.8.A.3.c.	that the political systems of Greece and Rome had an enormous influence on the development of the United States government.	create a diagram that demonstrates the influence of Greek and Roman political systems on the United

6.2.8.C.3.a 6.2.8.C.3.c	 the effects that land and sea trade routes had on the classical civilizations. that technology helped empires expand their trade and military 	 States government and create a slideshow on architecture. create a chart demonstrating the effect of trade routes on classical civilizations.
	leading to the growth of classical civilizations.	 design a flow chart demonstrating the impact of
6.2.8.C.3.c	• that technology and innovations enhanced commerce and urban life	technology on the trade systems and militaries of classical civilizations.
6.2.8.D.3.a	in the classical societies.	explain how technology and innovations were used to
	 how social hierarchies were used to maintain and control power and wealth in the classical civilizations. 	enhance commerce and urban life in an essay.
6.2.D.3.e		 utilize a graphic organizer to demonstrate how social hierarchies were used to control power and wealth and
6.2.8.D.3.f	 the basic beliefs of the various religions of the classical societies and how those religions expanded and spread. 	create a visual of the hierarchies.create a timeline of the development and spread of
	 how religion, mythology and belief systems shaped the classical societies. 	religions during the classical time period.
6.2.8.B.3.b	 how geography led to the demise of the Greek city-states. 	 describe how religion, mythology and belief systems shaped classical societies in a chart format, focusing on
6.2.8.D.3.c		individual classical societies.
6.2.8.D.3.d	 the common factors that caused the decline of the classical civilizations. 	 design a chart that shows the common factors that caused decline in each of the classical civilizations.
	 the major achievements of the golden ages of the classical civilizations. 	Complete a DBQ on the Fall of Rome for the project
6.2.8.C.3.b	• The influence of classical civilizations' architecture on future societies	 Create a poster advertisement or google ad for an achievement of the classical civilizations
		 Create a google slideshow demonstrating examples of ancient and modern architecture

UNIT II: Arabian and Byzantine Empires (500 B.C. to 1450 A.D.)

ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS
 Rulers used a variety of means to create and control empires. Trade aided the empires' wealth and territory growth. 	• 6.2.8.A.4.a. In what ways did the rulers of emerging empires use a variety of means to unify and control their territories?
 Geography and conflict impacted trading between and within the empires. Arabia's physical features enabled it to become the center of African and European trade systems. 	 6.2.8.B.4.a. In what ways did geography play a role in the politics and economy of the Arabian and Byzantine empires? 6.2.8.b.4.b. How did maritime and overland trade
Societies were affected by the trade of new technology and ideas between the cultures.	routes impact urbanization, communication and help develop international trade centers?
 Relationships between empires impacted trading systems and the culture of empires. Religion and belief systems had a direct impact on the daily life of people in the empires. 	• 6.2.8.B.4.d. In what ways did the physical features of the Arabian peninsula help it become the epicenter of Afro-European trade?
Conflict between the empires brought major changes to each empire.	• 6.2.8.A.4.a. How did governments utilize trade to help govern their territories?
Technological advances left enduring legacies for future societies.	• 6.2.8.D.4.c. How did economics shape each empire's social hierarchy?
	• 6.2.8.C.4.c. In what ways did new business practices and banking systems help develop a merchant class in society?
	• 6.2.8.C.4.a. In which ways were agriculture, population growth, urbanization, and commerce interrelated?



NJSLS	KNOWLEDGE	SKILLS
	Students will know:	Students will be able to:
6.2.8.A.4.a	that rulers used different methods to unify and control their empires	 analyze the methods used by the rulers of empires to control their societies and interpret in writing which was most effective.
6.2.8.B.4.a	that geography impacted the trade systems and relationships between the empires.	 create a cause and effect chart showing the impact of geography on politics, trade and economy in the empires.
6.2.8.A.4.a	how trade helped in the expansion and control of the empires.	locate the trade routes on an online map of the empires and utilize Chromebooks explain in writing how those routes created urbanization in the empires.
6.2.8.B.4.a	 how geography played a role in the political structure and growth of economy in the empires. 	locate the international trade route centers on a trade route map and give an written explanation as to why Arabia became a major center for trade routes.
6.2.8.B.4.b	 how maritime and overland trade routes impacted the urbanization of the empires. 	Create a project demonstrating the impact of the emerging world religions on society in Asia and Europe
6.2.8.B.4.b	the connection of trade routes to the development of international trade centers.	 create a visual diagram showing how trade, religion, and politics affected the social hierarchy and daily life in society.
6.2.8.A.4.a	how religion affected the development of the growing empires.	Utilize Chromebooks to research one of the
6.2.8.D.4.b	that religion can both unite and divide people.	technological innovations of the time period to explain its importance and justify in a written assignment its classification as an enduring legacy.
6.2.8.D.4.c	 how religion shaped each empire's social hierarchy and daily life within the empires. 	
6.2.8.D.4.j	 the major technological innovations that changed life and had enduring impacts on future societies. 	

UNIT III: __African and Asian Empires (500 B.C. to 1450 A.D.)

ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS
 Rulers used a variety of means to create and control empires. Geography influenced the political, economic and culture of each empire. Trade aided the empires' wealth and territory growth. Geography and conflict impacted trading between and within the empires. Societies were affected by the trade of new technology and ideas between the cultures. Relationships between empires impacted trading systems and the culture of empires. Religion and belief systems had a direct impact on the daily life of people in the empires. Conflict between the empires brought major changes to each empire. 	 6.2.8.A.4.a. In what ways did the rulers of emerging empires use a variety of means to unify and control their territories? 6.2.8.B.4.a. In what ways did geography play a role in the politics and economy of the empires? 6.2.8.B.4.c How did geography create opportunities and challenges for trade and development in Africa? 6.2.8.b.4.f. How did the geographies of China and Japan influence their development and relationship with one another? 6.2.8.d.4.g. How did the open exchange between the Yuan dynasty and Europe have immediate and long-term impacts for both groups? 6.2.8.C.4.d. What role did trade play in the development of powerful city-states and kingdoms in Africa? 6.2.8.D.4.c. How did economics shape each empire's social hierarchy? 6.2.8.b.4.b. How did maritime and overland trade routes impact urbanization, communication and help develop international trade centers? 6.2.8.A.4.a. How did governments utilize trade to help govern their territories?

- 6.2.8.D.4.c. How did economics shape each empire's social hierarchy?
 - 6.2.8.C.4.c. In what ways did new business practices and banking systems help develop a merchant class in society?
- 6.2.8.C.4.a. In which ways were agriculture, population growth, urbanization, and commerce interrelated?
- 6.2.8.D.4. c How did religion unite and divide people throughout the empires?
- 6.2.8.D.4.j. How did the technological innovations of the civilizations leave lasting legacies for future societies?

CPIs:

- Trade route maps
- Maps of the empires
- Geography and political maps
- Visual aids
- Graphic organizers
- Tests*
- Ouizzes*
- Notes
- Vocabulary
- Primary sources
- Video excerpts
- Chromebooks

*(Tests and quizzes will consist of, but not be limited to multiple choice questions and a written response component.)

NJSLSS	KNOWLEDGE	SKILLS
	Students will know:	Students will be able to:
6.2.8.A.4.a 6.2.8.B.4.c	 that rulers used different methods to unify and control their empires. how geography enabled and hindered trade in Africa. 	analyze the methods used by the rulers of empires to control their societies and interpret in writing which was most effective.
6.2.8.B.4.a 6.2.8.A.4.a 6.2.8.B.4.b	 how geography played a role in the political structure and growth of economy in the empires. how trade helped in the expansion and control of the empires. how maritime and overland trade routes impacted the urbanization of the empires. 	 locate the trade routes on online maps of the empires and explain in writing how those routes created urbanization in the empires. create a cause and effect chart showing the impact of geography on politics, trade and economy in the empires.
6.2.8.D.4.g	 how the open exchange between Europe and the Yuan dynasty had both immediate and long-term impacts on the societies. 	locate the trade routes on a map of the empires and explain in writing how those routes created urbanization in the empires.
.2.8.B4.f	 the geographical factors that influenced the development of China and Japan. 	Utilize a graphic organizer to demonstrate how Europe and the Yuan dynasty were each impacted by the open exchange between the two societies
6.2.8.A.4.a 6.2.8.D.4.b	how religion affected the development of the growing empires.that religion can both unite and divide people.	create a graphic organizer demonstrating the impact of religion on empires.
6.2.8.D.4.c	 how religion shaped each empire's social hierarchy and daily life within the empires. 	Create a visual diagram on paper or using Google Apps showing how trade, religion, and politics affected the social hierarchy and daily life in society
6.2.8.D.4.j	 the major technological innovations that changed life and had enduring impacts on future societies. 	Complete a DBQ on the Silk Road and trade systems

UNIT IV: _The Empires of Central and South America

ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS
 Rulers used a variety of means to create and control empires. Geography impacted the development and economies of the Central and South American empires of the Aztecs, Incas and Mayas. Trade aided the empires' wealth and territory growth. Technology impacted the development of the Aztec, Incan and Mayan empires. Geography and conflict impacted trading between and within the empires. Religion and belief systems had a direct impact on the daily life of people in the empires. 	 6.2.8.D.4.c. How did economics shape each empire's social hierarchy? 6.2.8.C.4.b. How does trade influence the development of civilizations in Eurasia and the Americas? 6.2.8.A.4.a. How did governments utilize trade to help govern their territories? 6.2.8.C.4.c. In what ways did new business practices and banking systems help develop a merchant class in society? 6.2.8.D.4.j. How did the technological innovations of the civilizations leave lasting legacies for future societies?

CPIs:

- Maps of trade routes between the empires
- Physical maps of the empires
- Visual aids
- Graphic organizers
- Vocabulary
- Tests*
- Quizzes*
- Notes
- Primary sources
- Video excerpts
- Chromebooks

^{*(}Tests and quizzes will consist of, but not be limited to multiple choice questions and a written response component.)

NJSLSS	KNOWLEDGE	SKILLS
	Students will know:	Students will be able to:
6.2.8.b.4.h	• the importance of landforms and climate in the development of the Mayan, Aztec and Inca Empires.	design a booklet or Google Application of landforms and climate in central Mexico and South America and their inventors the provincial Control America and
6.2.8.A.4.a	• that rulers used different methods to unify and control their empires.	their impact on the empires in Central America and South America.
6.2.8.B.4.a	• that geography impacted the trade systems and relationships between the empires.	 create a visual diagram using Chromebooks or on paper demonstrating the methods used by the Aztecs, Incas and Maya to control their societies.
6.2.8.B.4.g	 how trade and contact with other societies affected the development of empires in Eurasia and the Americas. 	 create a cause and effect chart showing how trade and contact between Eurasia and the Americas impacted each of the societies.
6.2.8.A.4.a	 how religion affected the development of the growing empires. 	DBQ on Aztecs
6.2.8.D.4.b	• that religion can both unite and divide people.	create a chart or diagram representing the social hierarchies of the Aztecs, Incas and Mayas and the
6.2.8.D.4.c	 how religion shaped each empire's social hierarchy and daily life within the empires. 	factors that impacted life.
6.2.8.B.4.h	 which geographical features in Central and South America affected society in the Mayan, Inca and Aztec Empires. 	Create Google Slideshow presentation on one of the countries from the Units studied this year and present it to the class.

UNIT V: _ European Empires and the Rise and Fall of Feudalism (500 B.C. to 1450 A.D.)

ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS	ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS
 Rulers used a variety of means to create and control empires. Geography influenced the political, economic and cultures of each empire. Trade aided the empires' wealth and territory growth. Geography and conflict impacted trading between and within the empires. Societies were affected by the trade of new technology and ideas between the cultures. Relationships between empires impacted trading systems and the culture of empires. Religion and belief systems had a direct impact on the daily life of people in the empires. Conflict between the empires brought major changes to each empire. Different factors caused the rise and decline of feudalism 	 6.2.A.4.b. How was feudalism used to promote social, economic and political order in Europe and Japan? 6.2.8.C.4.a. In which ways were agriculture, population growth, urbanization, and commerce interrelated? 6.2.8.D.4. c How did religion unite and divide people throughout the empires? 6.2.8.D.4.g Which events led to the decline of feudalism? 6.2.8.D.4.j. Which major technological advances had long-lasting impacts on societies throughout the Middle Ages and later time periods?
CPIs:	

- Thematic maps
- Political maps
- Graphic organizers
- Visual Aids
- Vocabulary
- Primary sources
- Tests*
- Quizzes*
- Video excerpts
- Chromebooks

*(Tests and quizzes will consist of, but not be limited to multiple choice questions and a written response component.)

NJSLSS	KNOWLEDGE	SKILLS
	Students will know:	Students will be able to:
6.2.8.A.4.a 6.2.8.B.4.a 6.2.8.B.4.a 6.2.8.A.4.a 6.2.8.A.4.b 6.2.8.A.4.c 6.2.8.A.4.c 6.2.8.B.4.d 6.2.8.C.4.e 6.2.8.D.4.b 6.2.8.D.4.b	 that rulers used different methods to unify and control their empires. that geography impacted the trade systems and relationships between the empires. how trade helped in the expansion and control of the empires. how geography played a role in the political structure and growth of economy in the empires. how religion affected the development of the growing empires. how feudalism affected life in Europe and Japan. the medieval legal and constitutional practices that impacted modern democracy and institutions. why the location of the Arabian Peninsula led to the spread of Islam into Africa, Europe and Asia. why interaction between the Islamic World and Medieval Europe impacted scientific thought and the arts. that religion can both unite and divide people. how religion shaped each empire's social hierarchy and daily life within the empires. the causes and outcomes of the Crusades on society based on the perspectives of crusaders, Jews and Muslims. 	 design a chart to compare and contrast the methods used to control the various European empires. utilize an online map to locate the geographical features of Europe and explain how those features would impact trade and relationships between societies in a written assignment. locate the physical features of Europe that affected the political and economic growth of the European empires. DBQ on Knights and Samurai explain how feudalism affected life in Europe and in Japan and create a comparison chart using Google Apps. respond to a document based question on legal documents from medieval times and modern times. list the scientific thoughts and arts that were impacted by interaction between the Islamic World and Medieval Europe and explain how that contact affected science and the arts. provide a written explanation on how religion impacted interactions between the people, daily life and social hierarchies in the empires. create a timeline of the Crusades and a cause and effect chart to go with the timeline.

6.2.8.D.4.e	how the plague impacted all aspects of medieval society.	identify the impact of the plague and analyze the permanent changes to society as a result of this event in a bar or line graph.
6.2.8.D.4.j	the major technological innovations that changed life and had enduring impacts on future societies.	Utilize Chromebooks research one of the technological innovations of the time period to explain its importance and justify in a written essay its classification as an enduring legacy.

Pacing Chart Unit: <u>I -V</u> Grade: 8

TIME FRAME	TOPIC	PERFORMANCE TASKS ACTIVITIES/PROJECTS ASSESSMENTS	RESOURCES/INTERDISCIPLINARY CONNECTIONS
September - November	Unit I: Classical Civilizations of Greece and Rome	DBQ on the Fall of Rome (DBQ Project)	Pearson MyWorld History www.successnetplus.com
December	Unit II: Arabian and Byzantine Empires	Project on the Byzantine or the Arabian Empires from a list of choices geared to a variety of learning styles.	http://www.imaginon.org/Just_For_Fun/default.asp Hunger Games Novel
January- February	Unit III: African and Asian Empires	DBQ on the Silk Road (The DBQ Project)	DBQ Project Binder <u>Foldables</u> by Dinah Zike
March-April	Unit IV: Empires of Central and South America	Create a Google Slideshow presentation on one of the civilizations representing geography and politics as they impacted those societies.	Mapping World History Set by Nystrom (World Atlas & Ancient World History Books) http://schools.nycenet.edu/region4/gchs/rocco/Glob
			al%20Studies/unit%202.htm
May-June	Unit V: European Empires and the Rise and Fall of Feudalism	Project on the Middle Ages from a list of choices geared to a variety of learning styles.	http://edhelper.com/teachers/graphic_organizers.ht <u>m</u>
			http://exchange.smarttech.com/#tab=0
			http://kids.nationalgeographic.com/kids/places
			http://www.pbs.org
			www.discoveryeducation.org

			http://education.nationalgeographic.com/education/ mapping/?ar_a=1 http://www.history.com/shows/classroom http://www.yourchildlearns.com/megamaps.htm
September – June	Current Events	Weekly current events that are relevant to classroom content, pertinent topics that reflect students' interest, or assigned current events based on major topics in the news (i.e. local, state, national, global)	www.nytimes.com www.cnn.com www.bbc.com www.msnbc.com